



Abstract

Geographically weighted regression, geospatial market segmentation, and geospatial science are well established tools in academic research. This project builds on that literature and transports the methodology to a business context. Although businesses have used spatial methodology, it is under utilized in commerce and especially in business school curricula. This project demonstrates spatial statistical methods, and their application to business.

Introduction

This research first advocates for the integration of location intelligence into higher education business curricula. This may be best achieved through the addition of GIScience to market research and analytics classes. Through the execution of regression models, run on both statistical and GIS software, it is revealed that the GIS software tells a more detailed story of an underlying modifiable areal unit problem - a problem that would not have surfaced without the integration of location intelligence. By integrating GIScience, business schools create wellrounded students better equipped to offer increased value to employers. In turn, companies investing in spatial analysis aid the development of their employees, allowing them to better understand target markets, make more well-informed decisions, and improve the organization's bottom-line. Utilizing GIScience, businesses and their employees have power to analyze their brand, and competitors on a larger scale. This project exhibits this through examination of locational expansion. By integrating spatially-based trade area techniques, specialized data is produced to aid in the decisions surrounding geographic expansion.

Methodology

This piece integrates a variety of methodology from two senior theses. This includes:

Secondary Research: Competitive Analysis of GIS Software Industry, company case studies of Walgreens and General Motors, History of GIS in Higher Education, Relevant Business Models

IRB Approved Interviews: Industry Thought Leaders – GIS, Grads, and Globalization

SPSS Work:

Linear Regression – This is a statistical test that predicts the value of one variable based on the values of predictor variables Chi-Square - This is a statistical test used to determining if what you have observed is what you expected.

GIS Work:

Drive Time - This is a spatial test that determines the area around a store within an x minute drive.

Theissen Polygons - This is an equal competition analysis. Determining in distance where consumers are most likely to travel to.

Block Groups - Like zip codes and counties, block groups is a set of data used by the Census Bureau to control block numbering.

Geographically Weighted Regression (GWR) - This is a spatial statistical test that predicts the value of one variable based on the values of predictor variables.

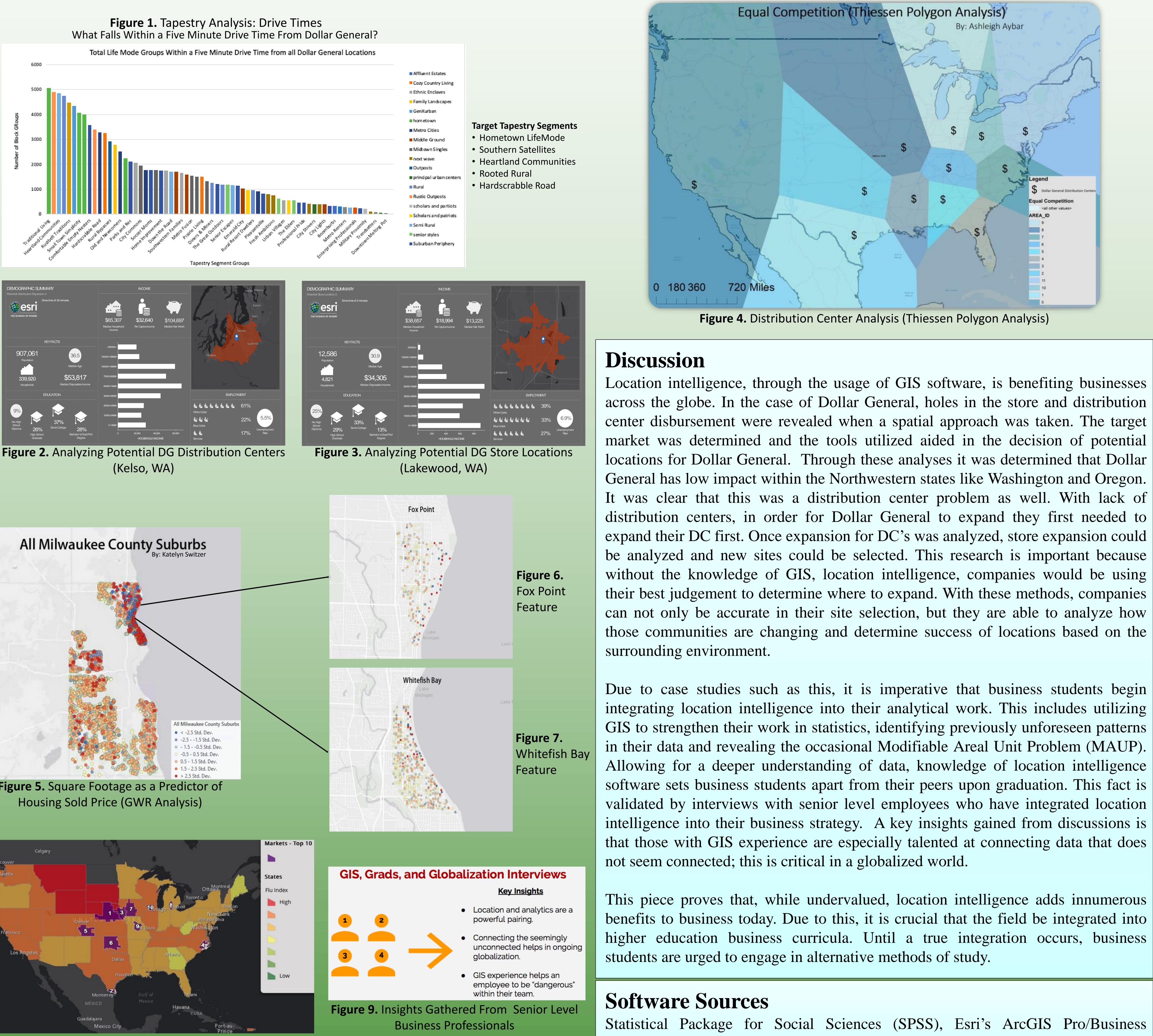
Acknowledgements

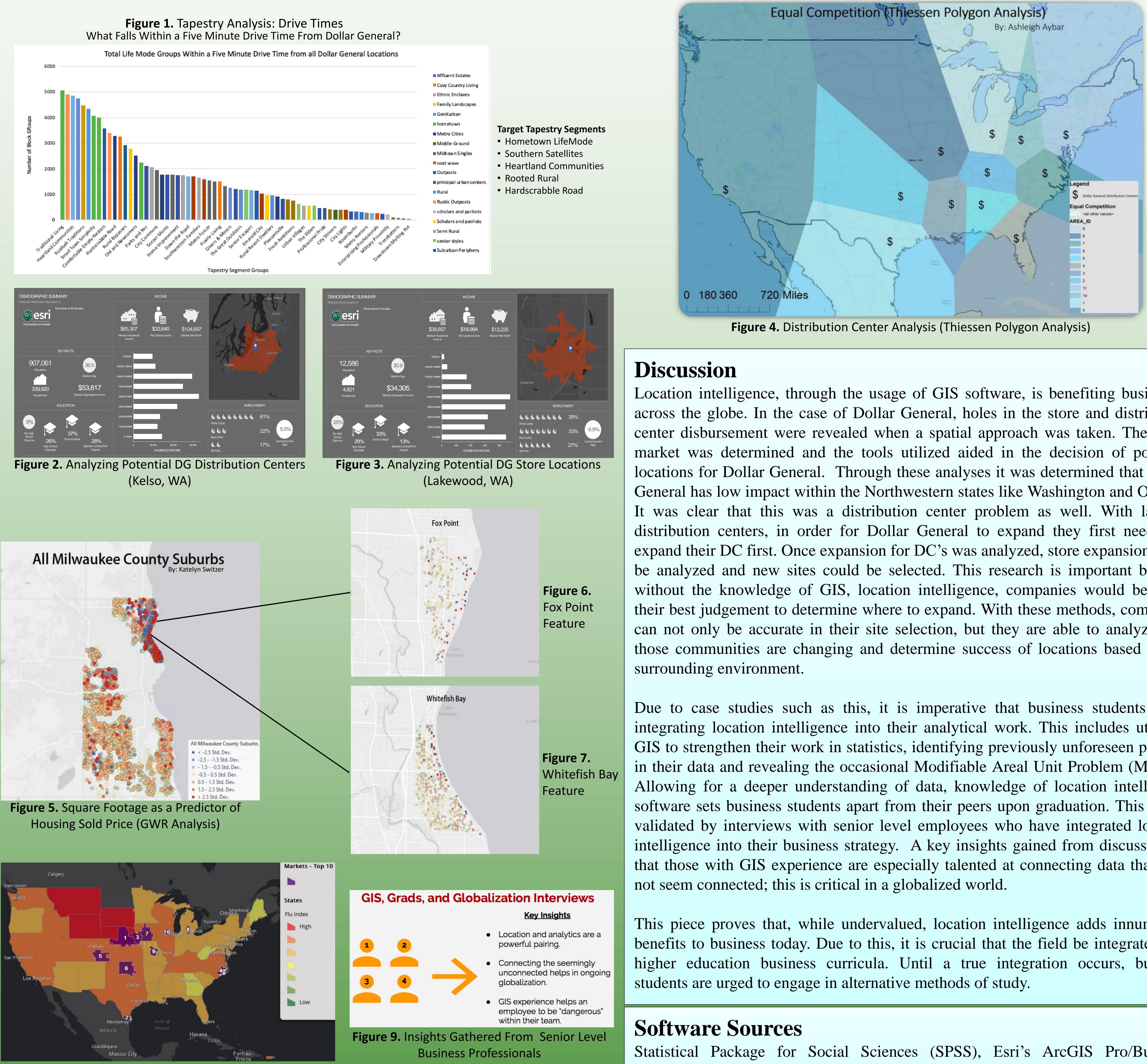
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Interdisciplinary Necessity: Employing GIScience to build more effective business decisions and business curricula. **Katelyn Switzer and Ashleigh Aybar**

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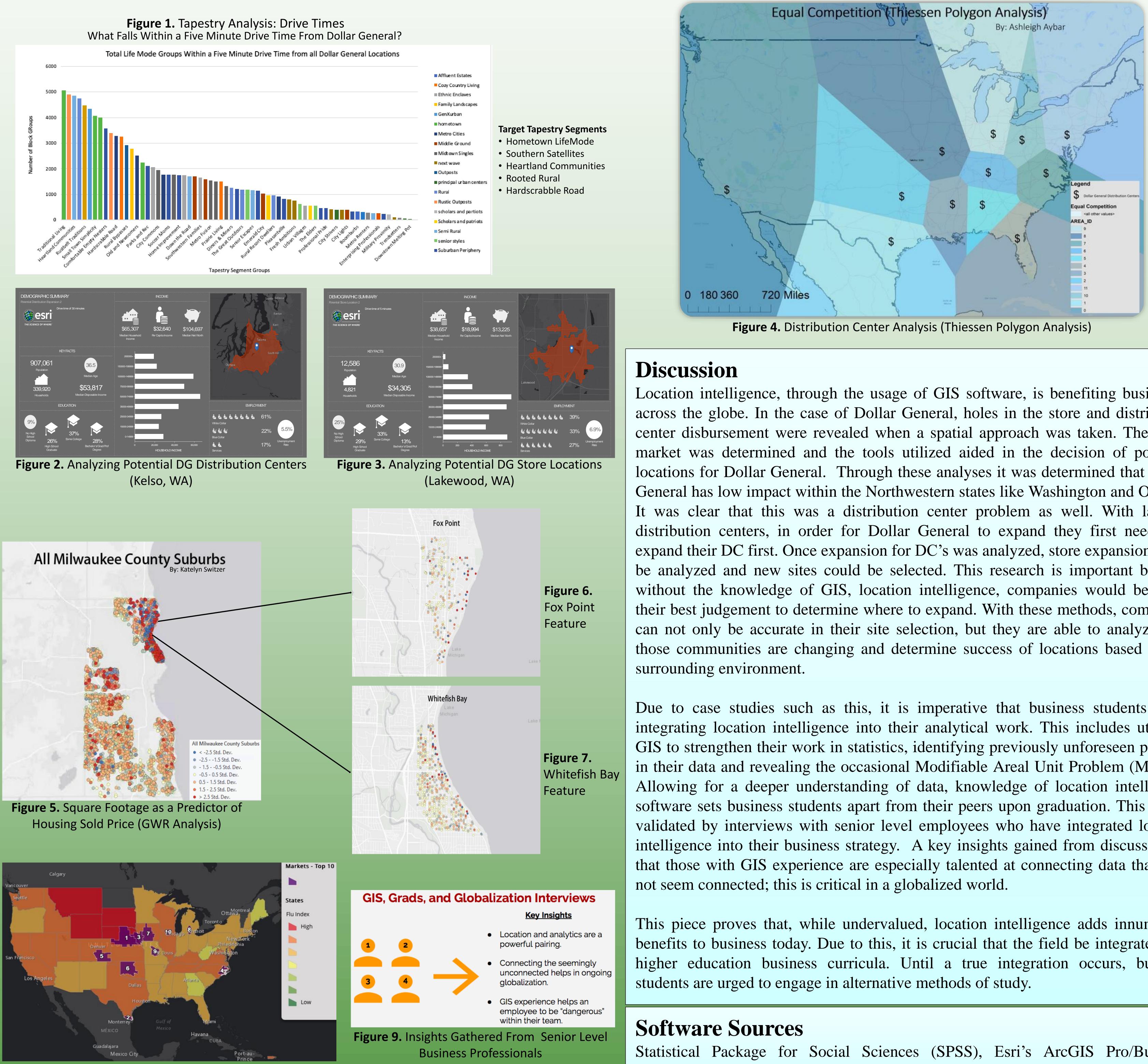


Figure 8. Case Study: Portion of Walgreens Flu Index Map via walgreens.maps.arcgis.com. 11 October 2018.

